PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

Year Ended December 31, 2017

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For The Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

June 25, 2018

Board of Commissioners PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA Jasper, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the PICKENS COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT, a component unit of the County, as of and for the year then ended December 31, 2017, which represent 0.12%, 0.04%, and 0.80%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the PICKENS COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers

internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of the Net Pension Liability - ACCG Defined Benefit Plan, Schedule of Contributions - ACCG Defined Benefit Plan, Schedule of Notes to Required Supplementary Information - ACCG Defined Benefit Plan, Schedule of Other Post Employment Benefits Funding Progress, and Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, supplemental budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds which is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Official Code of Georgia 48-8-121, and the Schedule of State Contractual Services, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, supplemental budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds, Schedule of State Contractual Services, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2018 on our consideration of PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bales, Carter; Co., LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Pickens County, Georgia (the "County"), we provide this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the year ended December 31, 2017. The County's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The County's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$51,776,826 (net position) for the year reported. This represents a decrease of \$(1,172,629) from the previous year.

Total net position is comprised of the following:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets equaled \$49,599,280.
- 2. Net position of \$4,675,134 are restricted for debt service, capital outlay, or by other constraints imposed by law or regulations.
- 3. At the end of 2017, unrestricted net position balance decreased by \$(2,780,069) from \$282,481 to \$(2,497,588).

The County's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$12,765,058. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$10,633,244 showing an increase of \$2,131,814 during the current year.

At the end of 2017, unassigned fund balance for the County's governmental funds was \$8,013,069.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government – wide statements and fund financial statements. This report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the County.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances and are more comparable to the financial statements of private-sector businesses. The government-wide statements provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole. Government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and total liabilities. Changes in net position indicate the improvement (an increase) or deterioration (a decrease) in the County's financial condition.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This statement presents information that includes all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as total net position.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities* which indicates how the County's net position changed during the current fiscal year. This report is designed to show the financial reliance of the County's activities and functions on revenues provided by County taxpayers.

The government-wide statements are divided into governmental activities, business-type activities, and component units.

Governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as general administration, public safety, public works, court systems, culture and recreation, health and welfare, and housing and development. Property taxes, sales taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. These include water services and the Pickens County Airport.

Component Units for the County include the Development Authority and the Pickens County Department of Public Health.

Fund Financial Statements

Pickens County, like all other governmental entities in Georgia, uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the County can be classified as governmental funds, proprietary funds, or fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash and the amount of funds left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next fiscal year. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps determine if there are financial resources available to finance the County's programs. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds.

Proprietary funds are used to report the functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Pickens County uses enterprise funds to account for the Water Department and the Airport.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Government. Pickens County's fiduciary funds are considered agency funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data presented in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 13 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The table below presents the County's condensed *Statement of Net Position*. Comparison analysis is made from the year ended December 31, 2017 to the year ended December 31, 2016 as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

Comparative Schedule of Net Position December 31

	Governmer 2017	ntal Activities 2016	Business-type 2017	e Activities 2016	Total Primary G 2017	overnment 2016
Capital assets (net of depreciation) Current and other assets	\$ 43,061,010 14,676,436	\$ 43,835,892 12,394,186	\$ 18,243,550 S (2,835,172)	\$ 18,610,371 (2,516,390)	\$ 61,304,560 11,841,264	\$ 62,446,263 9,877,796
Total Assets	57,737,446	56,230,078	15,408,378	16,093,981	73,145,824	72,324,059
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,000,001				1,000,001	
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	10,962,290 940,039	3,060,636 5,185,707	10,233,171 179,439	- 11,128,261	21,195,461 1,119,478	3,060,636 16,313,968
Total liabilities	11,902,329	8,246,343	10,412,610	11,128,261	22,314,939	19,374,604
Total deferred inflows of resources	54,060				54,060	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	41,582,225 4,675,134 523,699	41,895,236 3,060,636 3,027,863	8,017,055 - (3,021,287)	7,711,102 - (2,745,382)	49,599,280 4,675,134 (2,497,588)	49,606,338 3,060,636 282,481
Total net position	\$ 46,781,058	\$ 47,983,735	\$ 4,995,768	\$ 4,965,720	\$ 51,776,826	\$ 52,949,455

Over time, net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The County's combined net position (government and business-type activities) totaled \$51,776,826 at December 31, 2017 compared to \$52,949,455 at December 31, 2016. The total decrease was \$(1,172,629).

The largest portion of net position, \$49,599,280 (96%), reflects the County's investment in capital assets (land, buildings, machinery and equipment) less accumulated depreciation and any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investments in capital assets are reported net of outstanding debt, the resources needed to repay the debt must be provided by other sources as the capital assets cannot be liquidated to pay the liabilities. The County has \$4,675,134 (9%) of restricted net position that is subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation on how they can be used. The remaining portion of net position represents \$(2,497,588) ((4.8)%) of unrestricted net position.

The table below presents the County's condensed *Statement of Activities* for the year ended December 31, 2017 with comparative amounts for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Comparative Schedule of Changes in Net Position December 31

	Governmenta 2017	l Activities 2016	Business-type 2017	e Activities 2016	Total Primary G 2017	overnment 2016
REVENUES						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 5,953,786 \$	5,782,752 \$	2,710,643	\$ 2,581,815	\$ 8,664,429	8,364,567
Operating grants and contributions	4,518,129	3,760,012	-	-	4,518,129	3,760,012
Capital grants and contributions	359,286	165,347	157,770	531,386	517,056	696,733
Subtotal for program revenues	10,831,201	9,708,111	2,868,413	3,113,201	13,699,614	12,821,312
General revenues						
Property taxes	12,102,775	12,102,447	-	-	12,102,775	12,102,447
Sales taxes	7,694,259	7,065,668	-	-	7,694,259	7,065,668
Insurance premium tax	1,496,738	1,397,559	-	-	1,496,738	1,397,559
Franchise tax	´ - ´	133,447	-	-	-	133,447
Other taxes	384,426	234,882	-	-	384,426	234,882
Interest and investment earnings	10,452	25,909	3	7	10,455	25,916
Other revenue	538,990	363,124	-	-	538,990	363,124
Grants and contributions not restricted to	,	,			,	,
a specific program	_	21,936	-	-	-	21,936
Gain on sale of capital assets	14,697	24,372	-	-	14,697	24,372
Subtotal for general revenues	22,242,337	21,369,344	3	7	22,242,340	21,369,351
Total revenues	33,073,538	31,077,455	2,868,416	3,113,208	35,941,954	34,190,663
EXPENSES						
Program expenses						
General government	4,393,388	3,936,931	-	-	4,393,388	3,936,931
Judicial	6,425,440	5,103,493	-	-	6,425,440	5,103,493
Public safety	14,598,060	12,656,456	-	-	14,598,060	12,656,456
Public works	6,311,425	6,116,049	-	-	6,311,425	6,116,049
Health & welfare	913,171	608,533	-	-	913,171	608,533
Recreation & culture	1,113,634	1,020,431	-	-	1,113,634	1,020,431
Housing and development	755,788	664,209	-	-	755,788	664,209
Interest and paying agent fees	87,911	104,003	-	-	87,911	104,003
Water	-	-	2,401,115	2,206,324	2,401,115	2,206,324
Airport			580,662	496,946	580,662	520,816
Total expenses	34,598,817	30,210,105	2,981,777	2,703,270	37,580,594	32,913,375
Change in net position before transfers	(1,525,279)	867,350	(113,361)	409,938	(1,638,640)	1,277,288
Transfers	(143,409)		143,409	-		
Change in net position	(1,668,688)	867,350	30,048	409,938	(1,638,640)	1,277,288
Net position, beginning of year	47,983,735	47,116,385	4,965,720	4,555,781	52,949,455	52,406,369
Change in accounting principle	-	-	-	-	-	(2,152,478)
Prior period adjustment	466,011	-	-	-	466,011	(458,524)
Net position, beginning as restated	48,449,746	47,116,385	4,965,720	4,555,781	53,415,466	49,795,367
Net position, end of year	\$ 46,781,058 \$	47,983,735 \$	4,995,768	\$ 4,965,720	\$ 51,776,826	52,949,455

Governmental Activities Revenues such as property taxes, insurance premium tax and other taxes, continue as the main source of revenue for governmental activities which totaled \$22,242,337 in 2017 compared to \$21,369,344 in 2016. This change is an increase of 4.09%.

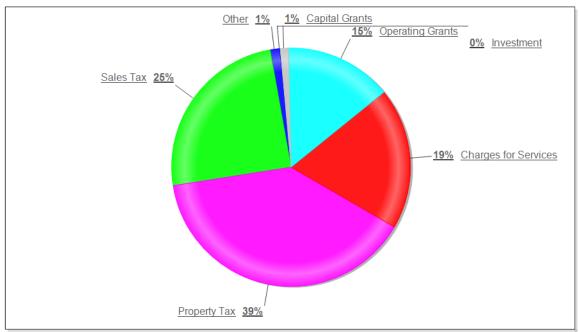
Governmental Activities Expenses by function as reflected in the table above show that during 2017, the County expended 42% for Public Safety, 19% for Judicial, 18% for Public Works, 13% for General Government, 3% for Culture and Recreation, 2% for Housing and Development, 3% for Health and Welfare, and 1% for Interest on Long-term debt.

As a comparative, during fiscal year 2016, the County expended 42% for Public Safety, 17% for Judicial, 20% for Public Works, 13% for General Government, 3% for Culture and Recreation, 2% for Housing and Development, 2% for Health and Welfare, and 1% for Interest on Long-term debt.

Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$30,048.

Revenues by Source

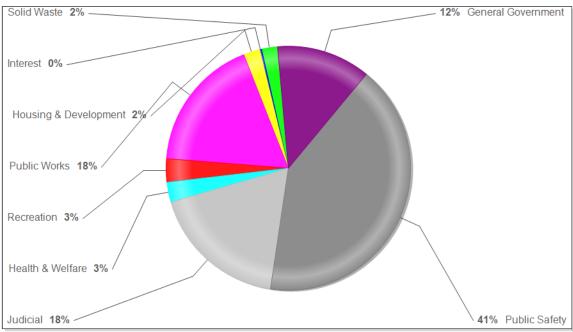
Government-Wide Activities



^{*}Due to rounding, charts may not always equal 100%

Expenses by Function

Government-Wide Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

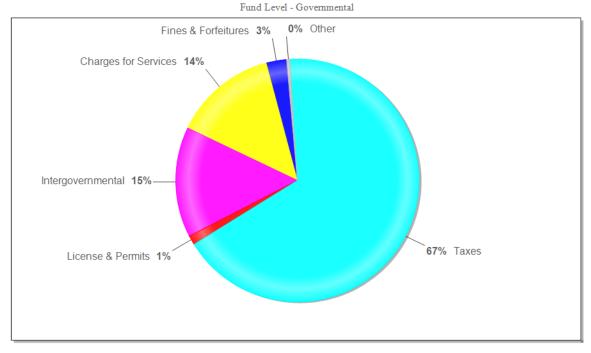
Governmental Funds: The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the Government's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The major governmental funds are the General Fund and SPLOST. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all governmental financial resources not restricted by state or federal laws, local ordinances, or other imposed requirements. The County's total governmental funds reported ending fund balance of \$8,703,790. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$7,697,608 showing an increase of \$1,006,182 during the current year. At the end of fiscal year 2017, unassigned fund balance for the County's governmental funds was \$8,013,069.

The County's other major governmental fund is the SPLOST fund. The fund balance of the SPLOST fund increased by \$1,393,462 during the current fiscal year. Collections for 2014 SPLOST began on July 1, 2014. Based on the approved 2014 SPLOST referendum, the majority of the 2014 SPLOST revenues are allocated for capital road projects and public safety. The SPLOST fund has an ending fund balance of \$3,641,894 which is restricted for capital projects as outlined in the 2014 SPLOST referendum.

In 2017, governmental revenues increased \$2,217,724 from 2016. This increase is primarily due to activity in the General Fund related to an increase in revenues from taxes, licenses and permits and charges for services. There was an 8.9% increase in revenues in the SPLOST fund.

Revenues by Source



Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information presented in the government-wide statements but in more detail.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The County's capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2017 total \$61,304,560 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, land improvements, infrastructure, buildings, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, vehicles and construction in progress.

Pickens County's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	Governmental A	Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government				
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016			
Land and improvements	\$ 4,713,950 \$	4,718,417	\$ 2,121,519	\$ 2,555,674	\$ 6,835,469	\$ 7,274,091			
Construction in progress	-	9,606	6,091,502	5,998,802	6,091,502	6,008,408			
Buildings	29,925,985	30,728,570	246,713	(101,220)	30,172,698	30,627,350			
Machinery & equipment	2,314,850	2,473,576	575,699	440,912	2,890,549	2,914,488			
Furniture & fixtures	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Vehicles	1,463,404	1,206,425	114,258	110,533	1,577,662	1,316,958			
Infrastructure	4,642,821	4,699,298	9,093,859	9,605,670	13,736,680	14,304,968			
Total Assets	\$ 43,061,010 \$	43,835,892	\$ 18,243,550	\$ 18,610,371	\$ 61,304,560	\$ 62,446,263			

Detailed information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of the basic financial statements.

Long-term Debt. During 2017, the long-term debt of Pickens County's governmental activities increased \$3,642,876. The inception of capital leases for the purchase of vehicles and equipment totaled \$450,000 during 2017. The notes payable category decreased due to the continual repayment of debt. The net pension liability increased \$4,761,700 due to the implementation of GASB 68, and the net OPEB obligation increased by \$57,524 during 2017. Long-term debt decreased in business-type activities in the amount of \$(672,026).

Pickens County's Outstanding Debt Bonds Payable, Capital Leases, Notes Payable, Claims, and Other Debts

		Governmental Activities				Business-ty	Activities	Total Primary Government				
	_	2017	2016		_	2017	_	2016	_	2017	_	2016
Bonds payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,187,637	\$	10,818,273	\$	10,187,637	\$	10,818,273
Contracts payable		-		-		-		80,995		-		80,995
Capital leases		1,024,185		1,080,564		38,858		-		1,063,043		1,080,564
Notes payable		454,600		860,092		-		-		454,600		860,092
Landfill closure/postclosure		365,500		244,733		-		-		365,500		244,733
Compensated absences		245,727		214,950		6,676		5,929		252,403		220,879
Net pension obligation		7,113,681		3,218,002		-		-		7,113,681		3,218,002
Net OPEB obligation		1,758,597		1,701,073						1,758,597		1,701,073
Totals	\$	10,962,290	\$	7,319,414	\$	10,233,171	\$	10,905,197	\$	21,195,461	\$	18,224,611

Additional information regarding Pickens County's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 31 through 35 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND THE 2018 BUDGET

• The 2017 millage rate decreased from 7.95 to 7.88 per \$1,000 of valuation. The 2017 millage rate was a decrease of 0.8%, however the 2017 tax digest reflected an increase in overall valuation. The 2017 total County taxes levied increased \$82,217 as compared to 2016.

- The 2017 final budget shown in this report was increased by \$170,622 to \$25,535,521 to recognize an increase in tax revenues and charges for services.
- The 2018 budget was approved and adopted by the Board of Commissioners on December 21, 2017. The 2018 operating budget increased from \$25,535,521 to \$26,037,865, an increase of \$502,344. The majority of the revenue increase is in tax revenues, title ad valorem tax, license and permit fees and charges for services. The majority of expenditure increase is in contingencies, purchased services and salaries and benefits.
- Monthly budgetary reports are provided to all department heads, elected officials and the Board of Commissioners

Pickens County management continues to monitor revenue collection rates and control budgetary spending in an effort to provide services at or above current levels without further burdening the county taxpayers.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designed to provide the reader a general overview of the County's finances and demonstrate Management's commitment to public accountability. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Faye Harvey, Finance Director for Pickens County Board of Commissioners, 1266 East Church Street, Suite 175, Jasper, Georgia 30143.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **December 31, 2017**

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

ASSETS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	COMPONENT UNITS
Cash	\$ 8,276,962	\$ 600	\$ 8,277,562	\$ 714,754
Investments	22,521	- 000	22,521	J /14,/54
Capital lease receivable	-	_	-	168,000
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	3,025,504	266,304	3,291,808	39,735
Internal balances	3,179,057	(3,179,057)	-	-
Inventories	39,326	69,229	108,555	4,252
Prepaid items	37,529	-	37,529	-
Restricted assets:				
Cash	95,537		95,537	-
Customer deposits	-	7,752	7,752	2 (00 000
Capital lease receivable Capital assets:	-	-	-	2,688,000
Capital assets not being depreciated	4,271,996	7,782,096	12,054,092	_
Capital assets being depreciated	63,209,962	19,599,158	82,809,120	118,864
Less: accumulated depreciation	(24,420,948)	(9,137,704)	(33,558,652)	(68,894)
Capital assets, net of depreciation	43,061,010	18,243,550	61,304,560	49,970
TOTAL ASSETS	57,737,446	15,408,378	73,145,824	3,664,711
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension expense	1,000,001		1,000,001	102,662
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	1,000,001		1,000,001	102,662
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	58,737,447	15,408,378	74,145,825	3,767,373
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	803,452	142,266	945,718	50,699
Accrued interest payable	- 127.505	13,248	13,248	-
Other accrued items	136,587	19,675	156,262	-
Unearned revenue Noncurrent liabilities:	-	4,250	4,250	-
Due within one year				
Compensated absences payable	172,009	4,673	176.682	6,267
Accrued landfill closure / postclosure	20,000	-	20,000	-
Notes payable	419,057	_	419,057	-
Capital leases payable	474,127	31,226	505,353	-
Revenue bonds payable	=	495,000	495,000	68,870
Due in more than one year				
Compensated absences payable	73,718	2,003	75,721	6,266
Net pension liability	7,113,681	-	7,113,681	412,161
Net OPEB obligation	1,758,597	-	1,758,597	-
Accrued landfill closure / postclosure	345,500	-	345,500	-
Notes payable Capital leases payable	35,543 550,058	7,632	35,543 557,690	-
Revenue bonds payable	-	9,692,637	9,692,637	1,726,255
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,902,329	10,412,610	22,314,939	2,270,518
TO THE EMBERTIES	11,702,327	10,112,010	22,311,737	2,270,310
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE				
Pension expense	54,060		54,060	1,011,879
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	54,060	-	54,060	1,011,879
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	11.056.200	10 412 (10	22 2 60 000	2 202 207
	11,956,389	10,412,610	22,368,999	3,282,397
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	41,582,225	8,017,055	49,599,280	49,970
Restricted for:				
Capital outlay projects	4,160,223	-	4,160,223	-
Judicial programs	281,725	-	281,725	-
Public safety programs	198,692	-	198,692	- 10.100
Health and welfare programs	- 24.404	-	- 24.404	19,109
Housing and development programs Unrestricted	34,494 523,699	(3,021,287)	34,494 (2,497,588)	415,897
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 46,781,058	\$ 4,995,768	\$ 51,776,826	\$ 484,976
TOTAL TILL I ODITION	Ψ 40,701,030	Ψ τ,775,700	Ψ 31,770,020	Ψ -10-,970

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

....NET (EXPENSE) AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION....

			PROGRAM REVENUES				PRIMARY GOVERNMENT									
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	I	EXPENSES		ARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS AND ONTRIBUTIONS	G	CAPITAL RANTS AND NTRIBUTIONS	GC	OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BU	SINESS-TYPE CTIVITIES		TOTAL	CC	OMPONENT UNITS
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT																
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES											_				_	
General government	\$	4,393,388	\$	896,509	\$	317,348	\$	-	\$	(3,179,531)	\$	-	\$	(3,179,531)	\$	-
Judicial B. L. C.		6,425,440		1,411,195		3,566,863		72,559		(1,374,823)		-		(1,374,823)		-
Public safety		14,598,060		2,797,779		449,557		550		(11,350,174)		-		(11,350,174)		-
Public works		6,311,425		424,710		104.261		199,726		(5,686,989)		-		(5,686,989)		-
Public health and welfare		913,171		17,918		184,361		86,451		(624,441)		-		(624,441)		-
Recreation and culture		1,113,634		159,836		-		-		(953,798)		-		(953,798)		-
Housing and development Interest		755,788		245,839		-		-		(509,949)		-		(509,949)		-
	_	87,911		5.052.506	_	4.510.120	_	250 206	_	(87,911)			_	(87,911)		
Total Governmental Activities BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		34,598,817	-	5,953,786	_	4,518,129		359,286		(23,767,616)			_	(23,767,616)		
Water		2,401,116		2,405,685		-		-		-		4,569		4,569		-
Airport		580,662		304,959				157,770				(117,933)		(117,933)		
Total Business-Type Activities		2,981,778		2,710,644	_	-		157,770	_	-	_	(113,364)		(113,364)		-
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	37,580,595	\$	8,664,430	\$	4,518,129	\$	517,056		(23,767,616)		(113,364)		(23,880,980)		
COMPONENT UNITS																
Health Department	\$	588,876	\$	287,993	\$	395,696	\$	_		-		_		-		94,813
Development Authority	·	53,865		173,000	•	-	•	_		_		_		-		119,135
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$	642,741	\$	460,993	\$	395,696	\$	-		<u>-</u>		-		-		213,948
GENERAL REVENUES																
Property taxes										12,102,775		-		12,102,775		-
Sales taxes										7,694,259		-		7,694,259		-
Insurance premium taxes										1,496,738		-		1,496,738		-
Real estate recording taxes										384,426		-		384,426		-
Other taxes										538,990				538,990		
Total taxes										22,217,188		-		22,217,188		-
Unrestricted investment earnings										10,452		3		10,455		1,118
Gain on sale of capital assets										14,697		-		14,697		-
TRANSFERS										(143,409)		143,409		-		-
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES A	AND T	ΓRANSFERS								22,098,928		143,412		22,242,340		1,118
CHANGES IN NET POSITION									_	(1,668,688)		30,048	_	(1,638,640)		215,066
NET POSITION, Beginning										47,983,735		4,965,720		52,949,455		269,910
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT										466,011		-		466,011		_
NET POSITION, Ending									\$	46,781,058	\$	4,995,768	\$	51,776,826	\$	484,976

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA **BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2017**

ASSETS	GEN	ERAL		SPLOST	OTHER NONMAJOR OVERNMENTAL FUNDS	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
Cash	\$ 4,4	157,228	\$	3,371,377	\$ 448,357	\$	8,276,962
Investments		-		-	22,521		22,521
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	2,2	264,755		440,730	320,019		3,025,504
Interfund receivables		80,462		-	262,494		3,842,956
Prepaid items		37,529		-	-		37,529
Inventories		39,326		-	-		39,326
Restricted assets:							
Cash		95,537	_		 <u> </u>		95,537
TOTAL ASSETS	10,4	174,837		3,812,107	1,053,391		15,340,335
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 10,4	174,837	\$	3,812,107	\$ 1,053,391	\$	15,340,335
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 5	88,109	\$	3,399	\$ 211,941	\$	803,449
Other accrued items		64,908		-	71,680		136,588
Interfund payables	1	46,689		166,814	 350,396		663,899
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7	799,706		170,213	634,017		1,603,936
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	9	71,341		-	 -		971,341
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	9	971,341		-	-		971,341
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,7	771,047		170,213	 634,017		2,575,277
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:							
Prepaid expenditure		37,529		_	-		37,529
Inventories		39,326		-	-		39,326
Restricted:							
Capital outlay projects	5	18,329		3,641,894	-		4,160,223
Judicial programs		95,537		-	186,188		281,725
Public safety programs		-		-	198,692		198,692
Housing and development programs		-		-	34,494		34,494
Unassigned		13,069			 -		8,013,069
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	8,7	703,790		3,641,894	 419,374		12,765,058
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 10,4	174,837	\$	3,812,107	\$ 1,053,391	\$	15,340,335

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2017

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds (page 3)		\$	12,765,058
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			43,061,010
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.			
Property Taxes	971,341		971,341
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Net pension liability Net deferred inflows (outflows) - pension expense Compensated absences Capital leases Net OPEB obligation Notes payable Accrued landfill closure/postclosure Rounding	(7,113,681) 945,941 (245,727) (1,024,185) (1,758,597) (454,600) (365,500)	_	(10,016,349)
Total net position of governmental activities (page 1)		\$	46,781,058

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	GENERAI		SPLOST	OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1	7,490,889 \$	4,526,031	\$ 62,938	\$ 22,079,858
Licenses and permits		413,660	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	413,660
Intergovernmental		2,450,588	-	2,390,185	4,840,773
Fines and forfeitures		303,313	-	588,233	891,546
Charges for services		3,611,856	-	934,477	4,546,333
Contributions and donations		7,549	-	15,217	22,766
Investment income		9,079	13,875	1,376	24,330
Miscellaneous		86,650	-	15,596	102,246
TOTAL REVENUES	2	4,373,584	4,539,906	4,008,022	32,921,512
EXPENDITURES					
Current Expenditures					
General government		3,232,962	-	-	3,232,962
Judicial		3,170,477	-	1,962,311	5,132,788
Public safety		0,868,719	29,293	1,268,512	12,166,524
Public works		2,244,079	1,991,594	-	4,235,673
Public health and welfare		321,127	-	560,350	881,477
Recreation and culture		924,294	-	-	924,294
Housing and development		543,648	-	8,915	552,563
Intergovernmental	=		1,017,048	567,336	1,584,384
Capital outlay		874,918	399,484	46,646	1,321,048
Debt service					
Principal		684,095	154,576	73,200	911,871
Interest		78,540	4,457	4,913	87,910
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2	2,942,859	3,596,452	4,492,183	31,031,494
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	1,430,725	943,454	(484,161)	1,890,018
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of county property		14,690	8	=	14,698
Capital lease proceeds	=		450,000	-	450,000
Transfers in		572	-	614,048	614,620
Transfers out		(757,457)		(572)	(758,029)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(742,195)	450,008	613,476	321,289
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		688,530	1,393,462	129,315	2,211,307
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year		7,697,608	2,248,432	687,204	10,633,244
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT		317,652	<u> </u>	(397,145)	(79,493)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning, as restated		8,015,260	2,248,432	290,059	10,553,751
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	8,703,790 \$	3,641,894	\$ 419,374	\$ 12,765,058

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net change in fund balances (page 5)		\$ 2,211,307
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	1,321,048 (2,095,930)	(774,882)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes	971,341	971,341
Revenues reported in the funds that relate to prior years are not reported as revenue in the statement of activities.		
Property taxes	(834,011)	(834,011)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This adjustment combines the net change of two balances.		(01 3,010)
Proceeds from borrowing including premiums and discounts Principal payments on long-term debt Accrued landfill closure/postclosure, current year Accrued landfill closure/postclosure, prior year	(450,000) 911,871 (365,500) 244,733	341,104
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences, current year Compensated absences, prior year	(245,727) 214,950	(30,777)
Net OPEB obligation is not available during the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds. End of year Beginning of year	(1,758,597) 1,701,073	(57,524)
Changes in the ACCG pension plan actuarial assumptions are reported in deferred outflows.		(37,324)
End of year Beginning of year	1,000,001 (612,135)	387,866
Changes in the ACCG pension plan actuarial assumptions are reported in deferred inflows. End of year Beginning of year	(54,060) 66,632	12,572
Net pension liability is not available during the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds. End of year Beginning of year	(7,113,681) 3,218,002	(3,895,679)
Rounding Changes in net position of governmental activities (page 2)		(5) \$ (1,668,688)

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2017

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS

ASSETS Current Assets	WATER FUND	AIRPORT AUTHORITY	TOTAL
Cash	\$ 600	\$ -	\$ 600
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	262,603	3,701	266,304
Interfund receivables	111,230	- 5,701	111,230
Inventories	27,401	41,828	69,229
Restricted assets:	=7,.01	.1,020	0,22
Customer deposits	7,752	_	7,752
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	409,586	45,529	455,115
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets			
Capital assets not being depreciated	383,684	7,398,412	7,782,096
Capital assets being depreciated	17,853,460	1,745,698	19,599,158
Less: accumulated depreciation	(8,100,037)	(1,037,667)	(9,137,704)
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION)	10,137,107	8,106,443	18,243,550
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	10,137,107	8,106,443	18,243,550
TOTAL ASSETS	10,546,693	8,151,972	18,698,665
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	128,818	13,448	142,266
Other accrued items	16,384	3,291	19,675
Interfund payables	2,494,313	795,974	3,290,287
Unearned revenue	-	4,250	4,250
Compensated absences payable	4,673	-	4,673
Capital lease payable	31,226	-	31,226
Revenue bonds payable	495,000	-	495,000
Accrued interest payable	13,248		13,248
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	3,183,662	816,963	4,000,625
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Compensated absences payable	2,003	_	2,003
Capital lease payable	7,632	_	7,632
Revenue bonds payable	6,270,000	3,422,637	9,692,637
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	6,279,635	3,422,637	9,702,272
TOTAL LIABILITIES	9,463,297	4,239,600	13,702,897
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	3,333,249	4,683,806	8,017,055
Unrestricted	(2,249,853)	(771,434)	(3,021,287)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,083,396	\$ 3,912,372	\$ 4,995,768
TO THE THE POSITION	÷ 1,005,570	÷ 5,712,512	+ 1,775,700

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for sales and services:		WATER FUND	-	AIRPORT JTHORITY		TOTAL
Pledged as security for revenue bonds:			_			
Water sales	\$	2,257,784	\$	-	\$	2,257,784
Water connection fees		140,748		- 110		140,748
Other		7,154		118		7,272
Charges for services-other		2 405 606		304,841	_	304,841
Total Operating Revenues		2,405,686		304,959	_	2,710,645
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and benefits		584,924		87,181		672,105
Other services and charges		1,020,709		214,348		1,235,057
Depreciation		627,626		100,757		728,383
Professional fees		-		3,025		3,025
Repairs and maintenance				31,942		31,942
Total Operating Expenses	_	2,233,259		437,253	_	2,670,512
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		172,427		(132,294)		40,133
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		172,127		(152,25.)	_	.0,155
Investment earnings		3		_		3
Interest expense		(167,858)		(143,409)		(311,267)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(167,855)		(143,409)		(311,264)
((==,,===)		(= :=; :=; /		(===,===)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		4,572		(275,703)		(271,131)
Capital grants		-		157,770		157,770
Transfer in				143,409		143,409
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		4,572		25,476		30,048
TOTAL NET POSITION, Beginning of year	_	1,078,824	_	3,886,896	_	4,965,720
TOTAL NET POSITION, End of year	\$	1,083,396	\$	3,912,372	\$	4,995,768

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	V	VATER FUND		AIRPORT JTHORITY	TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customer Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 2	2,293,026 (752,742) (584,632)	\$	302,661 (133,679) (86,415)	\$2,595,687 (886,421) (671,047)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	955,652	_	82,567	1,038,219
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from capital grants Transfers in Principal payments on debt Interest paid		(268,863) - (525,137) (168,804)		(92,700) 157,769 143,409 (147,636) (143,409)	(361,563) 157,769 143,409 (672,773) (312,213)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	_	(962,804)	_	(82,567)	1,045,371)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment earnings	_	3			3
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	_	3	_		3
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(7,149)		-	(7,149)
CASH, Beginning of year	_	7,749			7,749
CASH, End of year	<u>\$</u>	600	\$		\$ 600
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	172,427	\$	(132,294)	\$ 40,133
Depreciation		627,626		100,757	728,383
(Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Inventory Customer deposits Increase (decrease) in:		(29,683) - (7,752)		(2,048) (28,456)	(31,731) (28,456) (7,752)
Accounts payable Compensated absences Other accrued items Deferred revenue Interfund payables		34,227 747 (455) (75,225) 233,740		(1,742) - 766 (250) 145,834	32,485 747 311 (75,475) 379,574
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	955,652	\$	82,567	\$1,038,219

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS **December 31, 2017**

	AGI	AGENCY FUNDS			
ASSETS Cash	\$	2,434,388			
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	2,434,388			
LIABILITIES Amount held in trust	<u>\$</u>	2,434,388			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,434,388			

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA **COMPONENT UNITS** COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **December 31, 2017**

ASSETS	HEALTH DEPARTMENT	DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	TOTAL
Cash	\$ 352,177	\$ 362,577	\$ 714,754
Capital lease receivable	ψ 552,177 -	168,000	168,000
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	39,735	-	39,735
Inventories	4,252	-	4,252
Non-current assets: Capital lease receivable	-	2,688,000	2,688,000
Capital assets:			
Capital assets being depreciated	118,864	-	118,864
Less: accumulated depreciation	(68,894)		(68,894)
Capital assets, net of depreciation	49,970	- 2.210.555	49,970
TOTAL ASSETS	446,134	3,218,577	3,664,711
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	100 ((0		102.662
Pension expense	102,662		102,662
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	102,662	2.210.555	102,662
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	548,796	3,218,577	3,767,373
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	50,699	-	50,699
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year			
Compensated absences payable	6,267	-	6,267
Revenue bonds payable	-	68,870	68,870
Due in more than one year	(2()		. 266
Compensated absences payable	6,266	-	6,266 412,161
Net pension liability Revenue bonds payable	412,161	1,726,255	,
TOTAL LIABILITIES	475,393	1,726,233	1,726,255 2,270,518
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4/3,393	1,793,123	2,2/0,318
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred credit for refunding	53,612	958,267	1,011,879
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	53,612	958,267	1,011,879
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	520.005	2.752.202	2 202 207
RESOURCES	529,005	2,753,392	3,282,397
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	49,970	-	49,970
Restricted for:			
Public health and welfare	19,109	-	19,109
Unrestricted	(49,288)	465,185	415,897
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 19,791	\$ 465,185	\$ 484,976

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

										rosi	110N		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EX	PENSES		HARGES FOR ERVICES	G	PERATING RANTS AND STRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS AND NTRIBUTIONS	 EALTH PARTMEN T		ELOPMENT THORITY	7	ГОТАL
COMPONENT UNITS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Health Department Development Authority TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$ <u>\$</u>	588,876 53,865 642,741	\$ \$	287,993 173,000 460,993	\$ <u>\$</u>	395,696 - 395,696	\$ <u>\$</u>	- - -	\$ 94,813	\$	- 119,135 119,135	\$	94,813 119,135 213,948
GENERAL REVENUES Unrestricted investment earnings TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AN CHANGES IN NET POSITION NET POSITION, Beginning NET POSITION, Ending	ND TR	ANSFERS	5						\$ - 94,813 (75,022) 19,791	\$	1,118 1,118 120,253 344,932 465,185	\$	1,118 1,118 215,066 269,910 484,976

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The County is a political subdivision of the State of Georgia, located about 60 miles north of Atlanta. The County is governed by three elected Commissioners. In addition, there are four Constitutional Officers; the Tax Commissioner, Probate Court Judge, Sheriff, and Clerk of Superior Court. The Constitutional Officers are elected county wide. The Board of County Commissioners budgets and approves all funding used by the separate Constitutional Officers. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable and for which a financial benefit or burden relationship is present. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the County.

Brief descriptions of discretely presented component units follow:

<u>PICKENS COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH</u>: The Health Department consists of a seven member board including a County Commissioner, and two members as appointed by the County Board of Commissioners. The County has the authority to modify and approve the Health Department's budget and the ability to approve environmental health services. The Health Department has a June 30 year-end and is presented as a governmental fund type component unit. The Health Department's financial statements can be obtained by writing to the Pickens County Health Department, 60 Health Way, Jasper, Georgia 30143.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PICKENS COUNTY: The Industrial Development Authority is governed by a seven member board, with a voting majority being appointed by the County. The Authority is responsible for promoting industrial and commercial development within Pickens County. Although the County does not have the authority to approve or modify the budget of the Authority, the County does provide financial support. The Authority is reported as a proprietary fund type component unit. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Authority.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statement (fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus to indicate that agency funds have no measurement focus). Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers property taxes as available if they are collected by the end of the current fiscal year. Other revenues susceptible to accrual are considered available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period for which they are imposed. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales tax, franchise taxes, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The SPLOST Capital Projects Fund accounts for funds received from a local 1% sales tax, passed by the 2014 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax referendum, which is reserved for construction of various capital projects.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water Fund* accounts for the development, operation, and maintenance of the utility system that provides water services in Pickens County.

The Airport Fund accounts for the development, operation, and maintenance of the County airport and its facilities.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital projects funds account for acquisition and construction of the County's capital assets.

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not represent results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the Tax Commissioner, Clerk of Court, Probate Court, Magistrate Court, and Sheriff hold for others in an agency capacity.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are interfund services provided and used which are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for the Water enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Water enterprise fund include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices as of the balance sheet date. Increases or decreases in fair value during the year are recognized as part of investment income.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable, available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance of uncollectibles.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The 2017 taxes were levied October 4, 2017, and were due December 4, 2017. Interest and penalties are assessed on taxes not paid by this date. The taxes are subject to lien 90 days after the due date.

The County's property taxes were levied on the assessed values of all real and personal property including mobile homes and motor vehicles located in the County.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies, not held for resale are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Bond Premiums and Discounts

Premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds and loans on a straight-line basis, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the County's capital leases or debt issues are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable lease or debt agreements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e. roads, bridges, sidewalks, culverts, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years or an aquisition of land at any cost. Roads, bridges, and culverts are defined by the County as projects with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Roads, bridges, and culverts acquired prior to July 1, 1980 have not been reported.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	25-50	Vehicles	2-15
Building Improvements	10-25	Infrastructure	10-30
Machinery and Equipment	3-15	Land	N/A
Furniture and Fixtures	5-20	Land improvements	12-15

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The deferred charge in pension expense represents contributions made into the defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date. These contributions will be recognized as pension expense in the next fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category, unavailable revenue. Unavailable revenue, arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting and accordingly is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes.

Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. In accordance with the provisions of Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," no liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave because the benefits are paid only upon illness of an employee, and the amount of such payments cannot be reasonably estimated. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. The liability of the proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and a liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to the employees. In governmental fund types, a liability is recorded only if the liability has matured and is expected to be liquidated with expendable and available financial resources.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Fund Equity/Net Position

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when the amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash like inventories and prepaid items) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Commissioners through the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year. In order to modify or rescind the commitment, the Board of Commissioners must adopt another resolution.

Assigned - Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the Board of Commissioners has authorized the County's finance director to assign fund balances.

Unassigned - Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The County reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all other governmental funds.

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any debt used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. In determining the outstanding balance of any borrowing, proceeds of that debt which has not been spent is deducted. Accounts payable for costs related to acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets is considered debt for this calculation. Net position is reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then committed, assigned, and unassigned (or unrestricted) resources as they are needed.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The "Net investment in capital assets" reported on the government-wide statement of net position as of December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Net invesment in capital assets	 Sovernmental Activities	E	Business-type Activities
Cost of capital assets	\$ 67,481,958	\$	27,381,254
Less accumulated depreciation	 (24,420,948)		(9,137,704)
Book value	43,061,010		18,243,550
Less capital related debt	 (1,478,785)		(10,226,495)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 41,582,225	\$	8,017,055

Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

The government-wide statement of net position reports no restricted net position, and no net position is restricted by enabling legislation.

Additional details related to fund balances at the governmental fund level are presented below:

Restricted:

General Fund

Judicial Programs - For unspent funds related to court related programs -	
juvenile court fund, drug abuse fund, crime victims assistance fund, etc.	\$ 95,537
Capital outlay projects - For unspent funds from LMIG grant, capital leases and	518,329
other debt	

SPLOST Fund

Capital outlay projects - For funds received from the imposition of the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) restricted by the voter approved referendum

3,641,894

Nonmajor Restricted Progams Funds

Judicial Programs -	
Law Library - Used to account for surcharges on fines and forfeitures which	
are for the operation of the County Law Library and other expenditures as	
restricted by the OCGA-36-15.	43,425
Restricted Programs - Used to account for multiple court administered state	
reimbursement grants (i.e., adult drug court, mental health court, family drug	
court, etc.), and CDBG pass through grant funds from Department of	
Community Affairs.	142,763
Subtotal - Restricted for Judicial Programs	186,188
Public Safety Programs -	
Emergency E911 Telephone Services Fund - For fund to operate the E911	
center as restricted by the OCGA-46-5.	67,826
Drug Task Force - To account for funds received to operate multi-	
jurisdictional drug enforcement agency that actively pursues all levels of illegal	
drug activity.	64,270
Sheriff's Special Revenue - to account for funds from seizures to be used for	
law enforcement activities.	66,596
Subtotal - Restricted for Public Safety Programs	198,692
Housing and Development Programs -	
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - To account for funds received to promote tourism,	
conventions, and trade shows.	34,494
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 4,675,134

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The County Commission adopts an annual budget for all governmental fund types, prior to December 31, except for the Capital Projects Funds. The Capital Projects Funds are budgeted by the Board of Commissioners when capital budgets are approved. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is legally enacted at a public meeting.

Prior to October of each year, each department submits a proposed budget to the Board of Commissioners for review. Public hearings are held to discuss the proposed budget and to obtain input from the citizens of the County in December. These hearings are publicized in the local paper at least one week before the first hearing, and the budget document is made available for public inspection during this week.

The level of legal budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is the department level. Any changes in total departmental expenditures/expenses, personnel benefits, or capital purchases must be approved by the Board of Commissioners or Budget Officer.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) at the legal level of budgetary control, which is the department, sub-department, or project level. Expenditures may not exceed the appropriations within a fund. Budgets, as reported in the financial statements, are as originally passed by ordinance and subsequently amended. During the year, several supplementary appropriations are made as needed. The results are increases and decreases to the appropriations within the funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The County's policies permit it to exceed the FDIC insured limit in making deposits in commercial banks and savings and loans institutions if the funds are otherwise adequately secured. As of December 31, 2017, all deposits of the County were insured or collateralized.

Depositories may secure deposits of public funds using the dedicated method or the pooled method as described below:

Under the *dedicated method*, a depository shall secure the deposits of each of its public depositors separately. State statutes require collateral pledged in the amount of 110% of deposits.

Under the *pooled method*, a depository shall secure deposits of public bodies which have deposits with it through a pool of collateral established by the depository with a custodian for the benefit of public bodies having deposits with such depository as set forth in code Section 45-8-13.1. State statutes require collateral pledged in the amount of 110% of deposits under the single bank pooled method or at least 100% of amounts greater than 20% of the daily pool balnce held by any one covered depository under the multibank pooled method.

The County utilized both methods to secure its deposits of public funds.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect an investment's fair value. Since the price of a bond fluctuates with market interest rates, the risk that an investor faces is that the price of a bond held in a portfolio will decline if market interest rates rise. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and of its agencies and instrumentalities; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state or of other states and of its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposits of banks insured by FDIC; the State of Georgia Local Government Investment Pool; repurchase agreements; bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness of any solvent corporation of the United States government. The County does not have an investment policy that would further limit these investment choices.

As of December 31, 2017, the Law Library (a Non-Major Governmental Fund) had the following investments:

<u>Investment Type</u>	Fair Value	<u>Maturity</u>
Certificate of Deposit	\$ 22,521	less than 1 year

Concentration of Credit Risk

The County places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Foreign Currency Risk

The County has no investments denominated in a foreign currency.

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

					Nonmajor
	General			Go	overnmental
	Fund	_ {	SPLOST		Funds
Receivables:					
Property Taxes	\$ 1,246,741	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts	1,240,892		-		250,497
Intergovernmental	276,040		440,730		69,522
Total Gross Receivables	2,763,673		440,730		320,019
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	 (498,918)		-		
Total Net Receivables	\$ 2,264,755	\$	440,730	\$	320,019

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable		<u>ble </u>		 Total
Delinquent property taxes receivable (General					
Fund)	\$	971,341	\$		\$ 971,341
Total unearned revenue for					
governmental funds	\$	971,341	\$		\$ 971,341

Property taxes receivable at December 31, 2017, consist of the following:

Digest <u>Year</u>	General Fund
2017	\$ 888,237
2016	187,708
2015	28,953
2014	19,820
2013	18,445
2012	19,398
2011	26,767
2010	57,413
Total	\$ 1,246,741

Receivables as of year-end for the County's enterprise funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	Water Fund		Airport Authority		Total
Receivables:					
Accounts	\$	264,132	\$	3,701	\$ 267,833
Total Gross Receivables		264,132		3,701	267,833
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		(1,529)			 (1,529)
Total Net Receivables	\$	262,603	\$	3,701	\$ 266,304

Receivables as of year-end for the County's component units, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	Health				
	De	partment			
Receivables:					
Accounts	\$	39,290			
Intergovernmental		445			
Total Gross Receivables		39,735			
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		_			
Total Net Receivables	<u>\$</u>	39,735			

The lease receivable in the County's component units consisted of the following at December 31, 2017:

Lease receivable made to a local business - North Georgia Financial Holdings, LLC - through the Development Authority of Pickens County. Payments receivable in monthly installments of \$10,500 during fiscal year 2014, \$12,000 during fiscal year 2015, and \$14,000 for all years thereafter, including imputed interest at 5.985%. This lease is secured by the County and matures on December 1, 2034.

\$ 2,856,000

Less: Current portion (168,000)

Long-term portion \$ 2,688,000

At December 31, 2017, scheduled maturities of the lease receivable were the following:

2018	\$ 168,000
2019	168,000
2020	168,000
2021	168,000
2022	168,000
2023 - 2027	840,000
2028 - 2032	840,000
2033 - 2034	 336,000
Total maturities of lease receivable	2,856,000
Less interest	 (1,066,375)
Total net book value of lease receivable	\$ 1,789,625

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

~	Beginning			_			Ending
Governmental Activities:	 Balance	_	Additions	R	etirements	 Transfers	 Balance
Non-Depreciable Assets:							
Land and improvements	\$ 4,244,996	\$	27,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4,271,996
Construction in progress	 9,606		-		-	 (9,606)	-
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 4,254,602	_	27,000			 (9,606)	 4,271,996
Depreciable Assets:							
Land improvements	1,013,402		-		-	-	1,013,402
Buildings and improvements	37,429,670		-		-	-	37,429,670
Machinery and equipment	7,321,333		341,524		-	-	7,662,857
Vehicles	8,106,013		585,152		(152,599)	9,606	8,548,172
Infrastructure	 8,188,489		367,372			 	 8,555,861
Total depreciable capital assets	 62,058,907		1,294,048		(152,599)	9,606	63,209,962
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Land improvements	539,981		31,467		-	-	571,448
Buildings and improvements	6,701,100		802,585		-	-	7,503,685
Machinery and equipment	4,847,757		500,250		-	-	5,348,007
Vehicles	6,899,588		337,779		(152,599)	-	7,084,768
Infrastructure	3,489,191		423,849		-	-	3,913,040
Total accumulated depreciation	 22,477,617		2,095,930		(152,599)	-	24,420,948
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 39,581,290		(801,882)			 9,606	 38,789,014
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 43,835,892	\$	(774,882)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 43,061,010

Additions to governmental activities capital assets for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017, consist of the following:

Capital Outlay	\$ 1,321,048
Total	\$ 1,321,048
Non-depreciable capital assets additions	\$ 27,000
Depreciable capital assets additions	 1,294,048
Total	\$ 1,321,048

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$ 549,255
Judicial	650,867
Public Safety	2,404
Public Works	677,583
Public Health and Welfare	31,694
Recreation and Culture	107,217
Housing and Development	 76,910
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 2,095,930

BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance
Business-type Activities:					
Non-Depreciable Assets:					
Land and improvements	\$ 1,690,594	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,690,594
Construction in progress	5,998,802	92,700			6,091,502
Total non-depreciable capital assets	7,689,396	92,700			7,782,096
Depreciable Assets:					
Land improvements	865,080	-	-	-	865,080
Infrastructure	16,400,684	35,148	-	-	16,435,832
Buildings and improvements	641,509	-	-	-	641,509
Machinery and Furniture	1,072,627	202,753	-	-	1,275,380
Vehicles	350,396	30,961			381,357
Total depreciable capital assets	19,330,296	268,862			19,599,158
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Land improvements	374,175	59,981	-	-	434,155
Infrstructure	6,795,014	546,959	-	_	7,341,973
Buildings & Improvements	368,554	26,242	-	-	394,796
Machinery & Furniture	631,715	67,965	-	-	699,681
Vehicles	239,863	27,236			267,099
Total accumulated depreciation	8,409,321	728,383		-	9,137,704
Total depreciable capital assets, net	10,920,975	(459,521)			10,461,454
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$18,610,371	\$ (366,821)	\$ -	\$ -	\$18,243,550

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Business-type Activities:

Water	\$ 627,626
Airport	 100,757
Total depreciation expense-business type activities	\$ 728,383

The business-type activity funds have authorized construction projects. The remaining costs are split between the portion of the contracts that have been entered into for which the work had not been done prior to December 31, 2017, and the remainder of the authorized project expenditure for which contracts have not been entered into as of year end. The source of financing for the remaining project cost is noted below:

	<u>A</u>	Project uthorization]	Expended To Date	ontracts in Progress	Authorized Not Obligated	Sources
Business Type Activities:							
North T-Hanger	\$	1,378,436	\$	92,700	\$ -	\$ 1,285,736	Airport Authority Loan
Airport Improvements		5,923,726		5,923,727	-	-	FAA Grant/ DA Bonds
Airport Layout Plans		78,594		75,075		3,519	FAA Grant/State Grant
Total Business Type Activities	\$	7,380,756	\$	6,091,502	\$ -	\$ 1,289,255	

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Activity for the *Health Department* for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Retirements		Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities:								
Depreciable Assets:								
Site Improvements	\$	11,725	\$ 49,970	\$	-	\$	61,695	
Machinery and Equipment		26,128	-		-		26,128	
Furniture & Fixtures		11,030	-		-		11,030	
Vehicles		20,011	 		-		20,011	
Total depreciable capital assets		68,894	 49,970		-		118,864	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Site Improvements		11,725	=		-		11,725	
Machinery and Equipment		26,128	-		-		26,128	
Furniture and Fixtures		11,030	-		-		11,030	
Vehicles		20,011			-		20,011	
Total accumulated depreciation		68,894	 		-		68,894	
Capital Assets, net	\$		\$ 49,970	\$	-	\$	49,970	

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM DEBT

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		 Due After One Year
Governmental Activities:											
Notes Payable	\$	860,092	\$	-	\$	(405,492)	\$	454,600	\$	419,057	\$ 35,543
Capital leases		1,080,564		450,000		(506,379)		1,024,185		474,127	550,058
Net OPEB obligation		1,701,073		65,796		(8,272)		1,758,597		-	1,758,597
Net pension liability		3,218,002		4,761,700		(866,021)		7,113,681		-	7,113,681
Landfill postclosure		244,733		120,767		-		365,500		20,000	345,500
Compensated absences		214,950		181,242		(150,465)		245,727		172,009	73,718
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	7,319,414	\$	5,579,505	\$	(1,936,629)	\$	10,962,290	\$	1,085,193	\$ 9,877,097
Business-type Activities:											
Bonds payable	\$	10,818,273	\$	-	\$	(630,636)	\$	10,187,637	\$	495,000	\$ 9,692,637
Capital Leases		80,995		-		(42,137)		38,858		31,226	7,632
Compensated absences		5,928	_	4,898		(4,150)		6,676		4,673	2,003
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	10,905,196	\$	4,898	\$	(676,923)	\$	10,233,171	\$	530,899	\$ 9,702,272

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Notes Payable

The County has entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of buildings and equipment in regards to the Community Center in the original amount of \$3,000,000 with an outstanding balance of \$454,600. This note has annual payments ranging from \$392,093 to \$427,738, with an interest rate of 3.25% and matures in 2019.

The annual requirements to amortize notes payable outstanding as of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

December 31,	_Principal_	I	nterest	Total
2018	\$ 419,057	\$	8,680	\$ 427,737
2019	35,543		99	35,642
Total	\$ 454,600	\$	8,779	\$ 463,379

Capital Leases

The County has entered into an agreement for the lease of certain equipment. The terms of the agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Accounting Standards Codification 840 Leases, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee. This year, \$308,789 was included in depreciation expense. The balance of these leases at December 31, 2017 is \$1,024,185 for governmental activities.

The County leases certain equipment under non-cancelable capital leases. The leases relate to equipment and vehicles for EMS, fire, and road. Ownership of the related assets will be transferred to the County at the end of the lease terms. The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Activities				
Machinery and equipment	\$	458,856			
Vehicles		1,714,266			
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(859,670)			
Total	\$	1,313,452			

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2017, were as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Governmental Activities					
2018	\$	492,195				
2019		332,971				
2020		228,117				
Total minimum lease payments		1,053,283				
Less: amount representing interest (1.93% - 4.84%)		(29,098)				
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,024,185				

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Bonds Payable

During 2015, the County issued \$8,090,000 of revenue bonds (2015 Refunding Series) for a full refunding of the Authority's Series 1995A, 1995B, and 2005 revenue bonds, which had been issued for the aquisition and construction of waterline infrastructure. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$3,599,055. Bond payments are due in semi-annual installments ranging from \$184,944 to \$324,772, with interest at 2.35%. As of December 31, 2017, the oustanding balance is \$6,765,000. This bonds mature in 2029.

The County entered into an agreement with the Development Authority to issue bonds to finance the construction of an airport taxiway in the amount of \$3,966,969. During 2014, the agreement was modified due to additional project costs. As of December 31, 2017, the bonds had an outstanding balance of \$3,422,637, with an interest rate of 3.25%. The bonds mature in 2019.

The annual requirements to amortize bonds payable outstanding as of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

December 31,	 Principal		Interest	Total
2018	\$ 495,000	\$	318,663	\$ 813,663
2019	549,765		293,335	843,100
2020	793,143		286,947	1,080,090
2021	819,550		261,320	1,080,870
2022	846,607		234,726	1,081,333
2023-2027	4,665,968		739,108	5,405,076
2028-2029	 2,017,604		71,549	2,089,153
Total	\$ 10,187,637	\$ 2	2,205,648	\$ 12,393,285

Capital Leases

The County has entered into an agreement for the lease of certain equipment. The terms of the agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Accounting Standards Codification 840 Leases, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee. This year, \$24,845 was included in depreciation expense. The balance of these leases at December 31, 2017 is \$38,858 for business-type activities.

The County leases certain equipment under non-cancelable capital leases. The leases relate to equipment for water operations. Ownership of the related assets will be transferred to the County at the end of the lease terms. The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Activities
Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 211,948 (79,340)
Total	\$ 132,608

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2017, were as follows:

Φ.0.1.0	21 262
2018	31,262
2019	7,677
2020	
Total minimum lease payments	38,939
Less: amount representing interest (1.93% - 4.84%)	(81)
Present value of minimum lease payments \$	38,858

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Long-term debt activity for the *Health Department* for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	В	eginning					I	Ending	Du	e Within	Γ	Oue After
Governmental Activities		Balance	A	dditions	R	eductions	_ <u>F</u>	Balance	Oı	ne Year	(One Year
Compensated absences	\$	7,860	\$	8,603	\$	(3,930)	\$	12,533	\$	6,267	\$	6,266
Net Pension Liability	_	374,124		65,129	_	(27,092)		412,161		-		412,161
Total long-term Liabilities	\$	381,984	\$	73,732	\$	(31,022)	\$ 4	424,694	\$	6,267	\$	418,427

Long-term debt activity for the *Industrial Development Authority* for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning					Ending	Dι	ae Within		Due After
Business-type Activities	Balance	Additions Reduction		eductions	Balance		One Year		One Year	
Bonds payable	\$1,860,897	\$	-	\$	(65,772)	\$ 1,795,125	\$	68,870	\$	1,726,255
Total long-term liabilities	\$1,860,897	\$	-	\$	(65,772)	\$ 1,795,125	\$	68,870	\$	1,726,255

During 2015, the Development Authority issued \$1,960,000 of revenue bonds (2015 Series) for a full refunding of the loan agreement with Restaurant Interiors to finance the purchase of an industrial building in the original amount of \$1,249,206. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments. Bond payments are due in monthly installments with annual principal amounts ranging from \$60,447 to \$143,831 with a variable interest rate. The interest rate at December 31, 2017 is 3.20%. As of December 31, 2017, the oustanding balance is \$1,795,125. This bond will mature in May 2035.

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt as of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest	Total
2018	\$	68,871	\$ 43,981	\$ 112,852
2019		72,116	42,293	114,409
2020		75,299	40,526	115,825
2021		79,062	38,682	117,744
2022		82,787	36,745	119,532
2023-2027		476,061	151,332	627,393
2028-2032		599,293	90,942	690,235
2033-2035		341,636	14,856	 356,492
Total	\$ 1	1,795,125	\$ 459,357	\$ 2,254,482

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2017, is as follows:

Due To	Due From								_
					Oth	er Nonmajor			Total Due
		General			Governmental			Airport	from Other
	Fund		SPLOST		Funds		Water Fund	Authority	Funds
General Fund	\$	-	\$	166,814	\$	123,361	\$ 2,494,313	\$795,974	\$ 3,580,462
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		35,459		-		227,035	-	_	262,494
Water Fund		111,230		-					111,230
Total Due to Other Funds	\$	146,689	\$	166,814	\$	350,396	\$ 2,494,313	\$795,974	\$ 3,954,186

These balances resulted from 1) the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system, 3) the time lag between the dates that payments between funds are made, 4) short-term loans, and 5) to fund capital projects.

Interfund transfers as of the year ended December 31, 2017, are as follows:

Transfers Out	Transfers in						_	
	Other							
	Nonmajor							
	General Governmental Airport					Total		
		Fund	Funds		Funds Authority		Tra	ansfers Out
			•	64.4.0.40	Φ.	1.12.100		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	614,048	\$	143,409	\$	757,457
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		572				-		572
Total - Transfers in	\$	572	\$	614,048	\$	143,409	\$	758,029

Transfers are used to 1) supplement operating budgets, 2) help fund construction projects and debt service, 3) reimburse unrestricted revenue, 4) reimburse pension costs, and 5) move the County's matching portion on federal and state grants.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The County contributes to the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Defined Benefit Plan (the "Plan"), which is a defined benefit pension plan.

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan participants and beneficiaries. The Plan, through execution of an adoption agreement, is affiliated with the Association County Commissioners of Georgia Defined Benefit Plan (the ACCG Plan), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by GEBCorp. The ACCG, in its role as the Plan Sponsor, has the sole authority to amend the provisions of the ACCG Plan, as provided in Section 19.03 of the ACCG Plan document. The County has the authority to amend the adoption agreement, which defines the specific benefit provisions of the Plan, as provided in Section 19.02 of the ACCG Plan Document. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to Pension Service Company, 1100 Circle 75 Parkway, Suite 320, Atlanta, Georgia 30339.

All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the Plan after completing three years of service. Benefits vest after five years of service. Participants become eligible to retire with unreduced benefits at age 65 with three years of plan participation. Upon eligibility to retire, participants are entitled to an annual benefit in the amount of 2% of annual average compensation plus \$36 for each year of service payable as a life annuity. Compensation is averaged over a five year period prior to retirement or termination. The Plan also provides benefits in the event of death or disability. These benefit provisions were established by an adoption agreement executed by the County Commission.

Participant counts as of December 31, 2016, (the most recent actuarial valuation date) and covered compensation (base on covered earnings for the preceding year) are shown below:

Retirees, beneficiaries and disabled participants receiving benefits	52
Terminated plan participants entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	102
Active employees participating in the Plan	172_
Total number of Plan participants	326
Covered compensation for active participants	\$ 6,732,730
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.86%

Contributions

The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the ACCG Plan trustees and must satisfy the minimum contribution requirement contained in the State of Georgia Statutes. Section 47-20 of the Georgia Code sets forth the funding standards for state and local governmental pension plans.

Net Pension Liability

The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total pension liability as of the December 31, 2016 valuation was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.50%

Salary Increases 4.00% - 6.50%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males and Females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 1988 - December 31, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	3.07%
Domestic large equities	30.00	1.97
Domestic mid equities	5.00	0.86
Domestic small equities	5.00	0.30
REIT	5.00	0.52
International	15.00	0.47
Multi cap	5.00	0.51
Global allocation	5.00	0.58
TOTAL	100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 3.50% assumed rate of inflation

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. There was a decrease of 0.25% in the discount rate since the prior measurement period date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Change in the Net Pension Liability

	 Pension Liability		Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$ 8,636,607	\$	5,418,605	\$	3,218,002
Changes for the year:					
Plan Change	3,698,277		-		3,698,277
Service cost	485,085		-		485,085
Interest	634,742		-		634,742
Difference between expected and actual					
experience	148,184		-		148,184
Assumption Change	471,061		-		471,061
Contribution-employer	-		866,021		(866,021)
Contribution-employee	-		329,750		(329,750)
Net investment income	-		429,014		(429,014)
Benefit payments	(346,769)		(346,769)		-
Administrative expense	-		(38,193)		38,193
Other charges	 		(44,922)		44,922
Net changes	5,090,580		1,194,901		3,895,679
Balances at December 31, 2016	\$ 13,727,187	\$	6,613,506	\$	7,113,681

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,390,299. The required contribution for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$726,960.

The following presents the County's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1 % Decrease			ent Discount	1% Increase		
		(6.25%)	Rat	e (7.25%)		(8.25%)	
County's net pension liability	\$	9,240,259	\$	7,113,681	\$	5,355,998	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,390,299. At December 31, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
	(Outflows of	Inflows of
		Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	124,663	\$ (54,060)
Changes of assumptions		609,313	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension			
plan investments		266,025	
TOTAL	\$	1,000,001	\$ (54,060)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2018	\$ (227,243)
2019	(227,243)
2020	(215,633)
2021	(136,948)
2022	(109,386)
Thereafter	(29,487)

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Plan Description

The County contributes to the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Defined Contribution Plan for Pickens County Employees (Plan A), a public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating counties in Georgia. Plan A was established by the County in January 2016 pursuant to Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as a Money-Purchase Plan and Trust. At the inception of Plan A, the Defined Contribution Plan excepted all employees with an employment commencement date prior to January 1, 2016. Plan A issues a stand alone report. It may be obtained from: Pension Services Company, 1100 Circle 75 Parkway, Suite 300, Atlanta, Georgia 30339.

All full-time County employees are eligible to participate in the Plan A the first day of the first pay

period beginning on or the date the participant first meets the eligibility requirements. Benefits vest after five years of service. The County contributes 50% on amounts participants contribute to the 457(b) Eligible Deferred Compensation Plan. The maximum matching contribution shall be no more than 2.5% of compensation. A participant becomes eligible to retire at the normal retirement age of 65. Any participant leaving the plan before vesting "forfeits" the County's matching contribution to Plan A.

Funding Policy

Contributions totaling \$79,924 (\$18,319 employer and \$53,605 employee) were made in accordance with the Plan A guidelines and the designations by County Employees.

DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b). The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Because the assets are held in trust for the employees, they are not assets of the County and are not reported in these financial statements.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Pickens County Retiree Insurance Program (the "OPEB Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan. Participant counts as of January 1, 2016, the most recent valuation date, are shown below. The Board of Commissioners have the authority under which the obligations of the plan members and the employer are established or may be amended. The OPEB Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Eligible retirees must be a minimum of age 55 with 15 or more years of consecutive full-time service, and must have been hired before January 1, 2002, in order to receive benefits.

The County's covered payroll for employees participating in the OPEB Plan as of January 1, 2016 was \$1,761,075. Actuarial valuations are performed every two years.

Funding Policy

Eligible retirees and former employees are offered the same health coverage as active employees. Retirees contribute an average of \$533 per month towards the actuarially calculated monthly rates. The County contributes the remainder of the rates. The OPEB Plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost

The County's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) by the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize and unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The Georgia Constitution enables the governing authority of the County, the Board of Commissioners, to establish and amend, from time to time, the contribution rates for the employer and its plan members.

The County's contributions to the OPEB Plan for the years ended December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$8,272, \$-, and \$- respectively, and were less than the required contribution for each year.

Schedule I included in the required supplementary information presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. The data for the most current valuation report are as follows:

Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Date of	Value of	Liability (AAL) -	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percent of
January 1,	<u>Assets</u>	Projected Unit	(UAAL)	Ratio	<u>Payroll</u>	Covered Payroll
		Credit				
	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	[(b-a)/c]
2016	\$ -	\$885,748	\$ 885,748	-%	\$ 1,761,075	50.3 %

The annual required contribution and percentage contributed for the current year and prior years are as follows:

Fiscal Year December 31,	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	Contribution	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2017	\$ 65,796	\$ 8,272	12.6 %	\$ 1,758,597
2016	\$ 103,738	\$ -	- %	\$ 1,701,073
2015	\$ 108,193	\$ -	- %	\$ 1,597,335

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revisions as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Plan is updated every other year to agree to the actuarial report released biennially. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of December 31, 2017. The assumptions used in the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuations are as follows:

Valuation date

Actuarial Cost method

Asset Valuation method Market Value

Amortization method Level Dollar (Open)
Remaining amortization period 30 years

(This represents the estimated amortization period for all unfunded liabilities combined

into one amortization base.)

Actuarial assumptions:

Assumed rate of return on assets

Medical Cost Rate

Ultimate Cost Rate

4.00% per annum

7.75% per annum

5.00% per annum

Year of Ultimate Trend Rate 2022 Inflation 3.00%

The County's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the OPEB Plan for the current year were determined as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	92,343
Interest on net OPEB obligation		68,043
Amortization of net OPEB obligation		(94,590)
Annual OPEB cost		65,796
Contribution made		(8,272)
Increase (decrease) in Net OPEB Obligation		57,524
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of Plan year	1	1,701,073
Net OPEB obligation, end of Plan year	\$ 1	1,758,597

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

The County's encumbrances outstanding at the end of the fiscal year that will be honored in the next fiscal year are not significant for any of the major funds nor for the nonmajor funds in total.

Amounts received or receivable for grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in several lawsuits. Management intends to contest these open cases vigorously. The County's legal counsel has stated that the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The following are ways the County handles these risks:

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The County participates in the Association County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Group Self Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund (GSIWCF), a self-insured pool cooperative arrangement among its members to finance workers' compensation coverage. The fund is owned by its members and is managed by a seven member Board of Trustees who are representatives from participating counties. The ACCG-GSIWCF operates under the authority of O.C.G.A. 34-9-150 et seq. and the Georgia Insurance Commissioner's Office. The members of ACCG-Group Self Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund are assessable if the losses that ACCG must pay exceed the assets of the pool. At December 31, 2017, there was no need for such an assessment. Therefore, no liability has been recorded in these financial statements.

OTHER

The County participates in the Association County Commissioners of Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (IRMA), a risk sharing arrangement among Georgia County Governments. The fund exists by authority of O.C.G.A. 36-85-1 et seq. Premium liabilities are based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including effects of inflation and other society and economic factors. The IRMA Limits of Liability shall not be charged with the first \$2,500 of any loss. IRMA pays losses up to \$100,000 per individual claim or \$5,000,000 for all claims. However, excess losses, if any, are covered by reinsurance and would be paid by the reinsurer.

The members of IRMA are assessable if the losses that IRMA must pay exceed the assets of the pool. As of December 31, 2017, there was no need for such an assessment. Therefore, no liability has been recorded in these financial statements.

As part of these risk pools (IRMA & GSIWCF), the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds and to report as promptly as possible, in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents that could require the funds to pay any type of loss. The County is also to allow all the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigations, settlement discussions, and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

The County also purchases combined automobile, crime, liability, and property insurance coverage from OneBeacon Government Risks. The following is a summary of coverage at December 31, 2017:

Property Losses	\$ 2,193,307	aggregate
Comprehensive General Liability	\$ 1,000,000	per occurrence
	\$ 3,000,000	aggregate
Automobile Liability	\$ 2,000,000	per occurrence
Law Enforcement Liability	\$ 1,000,000	per occurrence
	\$ 3,000,000	aggregate
Excess Liability	\$ 1,000,000	per occurrence
Crime Coverage (theft/fraud)	\$ 200,000	aggregate

The County has no outstanding claims in excess of coverage for which a liability should be recorded as of December 31, 2017.

Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverage.

NOTE 12 - JOINT VENTURE

On January 4, 1995, Pickens County entered into an agreement with Bartow County, Georgia, establishing a Joint Development Authority. The County Commissioner of Pickens County and the County Commissioner of Bartow County signed an agreement whereby the Joint Development Authority of Bartow County and Pickens County was established for the promotion of business development in each county as well as expanding industry, trade and employment opportunities for the citizens of Bartow and Pickens Counties. The Board of Directors of the Joint Development Authority consists of seven members. Three members of the Board are appointed by Bartow County and four members are appointed by Pickens County. As of December 31, 2017, the Joint Development Authority owned no assets and had no liablities. Also, there have been no financial transactions conducted by the Joint Development Authority in 2017. As a result, no balance sheet or income statement is presented in the audited financial statements of Pickens County at December 31, 2017.

NOTE 13 - NORTHWEST GEORGIA REGIONAL COMMISSION

Under Georgia Law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the northwest Georgia area, is a member of the Northwest Georgia Regional Commission (NWGRC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the County paid \$25,322 in such dues. Membership in the NWGRC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the Regional Commission in Georgia. The NWGRC Board membership includes the chief elected official in each county and municipality of the area. The County Board members and municipal board members from the same county elect one member of the Board who is a resident (but not an elected or appointed official or employee of the County or municipality) to serve as the nonpublic Board member from a County.

The Georgia Planning Act of 1989 (O.C.G.A. 50-8-34) defines regional commissions as "public agencies and instrumentalities of their members." Georgia laws also provide that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a regional commission beyond its resources. (O.C.G.A. 50-8-39.1)

Separate financial statements for the NWGRC can be obtained from NWGRC, P.O. Box 1798, Rome, Georgia 30162.

NOTE 14 - NORTHWEST GEORGIA REGIONAL WATER RESOURCES PARTNERSHIP

The County is a member of the Northwest Georgia Regional Water Resources Partnership. This organization is made up of water withdrawal permit holders, local governments, and other advocacy entities with an interest in water issues. The purpose of the Partnership is a regional organization of water related interest in Northwest Georgia for monitoring and contributing to the development of federal, state, and local policy; educating the citizens on water related issues; funding and managing regional water-related activities; and coordinating the activities for federal, state, and local entities. The County paid annual dues in the amount of \$680 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Seperate financial statements can be obtained from Northwest Georgia Regional Water Resources Partnership, P.O. Box 1793, Rome, Georgia 30162.

NOTE 15 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on a landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County recognizes a portion of the closure and postclosure care costs in each operating period even though actual payouts will not occur until the landfill is closed. The amount recognized each year is based on the landfill capacity used as of the balance sheet date.

As of December 31, 2017, the County has recorded a liability for its solid waste landfill of \$365,500, which represents the estimated closure and postclosure costs based on 100% of landfill capacity used to date. All estimated liability for these costs has been recognized since the landfill is no longer used.

These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2017. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County is also required to demonstrate financial assurance that the closure and postclosure care cost can be paid in the future. The County is in compliance at December 31, 2017, based on requirements issued by the EPA.

NOTE 16 - SIGNIFICANT ESTIMATES

As discussed in Note 1, estimates are used in the preparation of these financial statements. Three of the estimates qualify as significant estimates in that it is reasonably possible that the estimates will change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events and this change will have a material effect on the financial statements.

These estimates are as follows:

The liability for landfill closure and postclosure care cost is based on estimates provided by the County's engineering consultants and reduced each year by expenses related to the closure and postclosure of the landfill. These estimates are based on what it would cost to perform closure and postclosure care currently. Actual costs may change due to higher inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The estimate for accumulated depreciation on capital assets. This estimate is based on the original or estimated cost of the assets, depreciated over the estimated useful lives using the straight line method and composite method.

The estimate for allowance for doubtful accounts relating to Pickens County EMS accounts receivable qualifies as a significant estimate. The estimate is calculated based on the previous year's collection percentage of accounts greater than one year old.

NOTE 17 - HOTEL/MOTEL TAX

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the County had receipts of \$62,938 and spent \$50,180 to promote tourism, conventions, and trade shows. The total expenditures represent 80% of the tax receipts to be expended for these purposes under OCGA 48-13-51. The County has complied with the requirements of this law.

NOTE 18 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

As of January 1, 2017, the County restated its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The restatement was a result of the following: **Governmental Funds General Fund** To remove interfund activity from previous years. \$ (317,652) Net increase in General Fund Balance (317,652)**Restricted Program Fund (Non Major)** To remove interfund activity from previous years. 397,145 Net decrease in Non Major Fund balance 397,145 Net decrease in Governmental Fund balance 79,493 **Governmental Activities** To restate the 2016 ending balance of the deferred outflows and inflows related to pension expense. (545,503)**Net increase in Governmental Activities net position** (545,503)Net increase in entity wide net position \$ (466,010)

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY -ACCG DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 "Unaudited"

For the Year Ended December 31,	2017			2016	2015	
Net pension liability	\$	7,113,681	\$	3,218,002	\$	2,670,675
Covered-employee payroll	\$	6,732,730	\$	6,261,763	\$	6,455,121
Net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		105.66%		51.39%		41.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		48.20%		62.70%		66.00%

NOTE: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ACCG DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 "Unaudited"

For the Year Ended December 31,	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Contractually required contribution	\$ 726,960	\$ 556,622	\$ 565,792	\$ 547,417	\$ 519,277	\$ 481,354	\$ 479,261	\$ 396,496
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	866,021	576,852	604,422	551,249	519,277	481,354	447,823	164,546
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (139,061)	\$ (20,230)	\$ (38,630)	\$ (3,832)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,438	\$ 231,950
County's covered-employee payroll	\$6,732,730	\$6,261,763	\$6,455,121	\$7,234,670	\$7,126,832	\$6,713,647	\$6,852,406	\$ 5,521,511
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.86%	9.21%	9.36%	7.62%	7.29%	7.17%	6.54%	2.98%

NOTE: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available, data from 7 previous years presented.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ACCG DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 "Unaudited"

Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which donations are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the contractually required contributions for the year ended December 31, 2017 reported in that schedule:

Valuation Date December 31, 2016

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining Amortization period 30 years

Asset Valuation method Five-year smoothed market

Inflation Rate 3.50%

Salary Increases 4.0% - 6.50%, including inflation
Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUNDING PROGRESS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 "Unaudited"

									(6)		
Actuarial Valuation Date	(1)			(3)		(4)		(5)	UAAL as a		
(1/1)	Actuarial	(2)		Funded		Unfunded		Unfunded Anr		ual Covered	Percentage
	Value	Actuarial Accrued		Ratio	A	AAL (UAAL)		L (UAAL) Payroll			
	of Assets	Liability (AAL)		(1)/(2)	(2) - (1)		(prior year)		(4) / (5)		
2010	\$ -	\$	1,444,428	0.00 %	\$	1,444,428	\$	9,242,485	15.63 %		
2012	\$ -	\$	2,073,395	0.00 %	\$	2,073,395	\$	8,530,847	24.30 %		
2014	\$ -	\$	1,186,148	0.00 %	\$	1,186,148	\$	1,877,477	63.18 %		
2016	\$ -	\$	885,748	0.00 %	\$	885,748	\$	1,761,075	50.30 %		

2010 was the first year that this plan was effective.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (Required Supplementary Information)

	OI	BUDGET . RIGINAL	AMOUN	NTS FINAL		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	8,015,260	\$	8,015,260	\$	8,015,260	\$ -
Total Britanies, Boginning of Jon	Ψ	0,010,200	Ψ	0,010,200	Ψ	0,010,200	Ψ
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)							
Taxes		17,843,300		17,843,300		17,490,889	(352,411)
Licenses and permits		335,000		414,000		413,660	(340)
Intergovernmental		1,924,059		2,466,044		2,450,588	(15,456)
Fines and forfeitures		397,000		397,000		303,313	(93,687)
Charges for services Contributions and donations		4,014,600		4,014,600		3,611,856	(402,744)
Investment income		16,100		16 100		7,549 9,081	7,549 (7,019)
Miscellaneous		39,500		16,100 75,562		86,650	11,088
Sale of county property		39,300		3,715		14,690	10,975
Capital lease proceeds		200,000		200,000		14,090	(200,000)
Transfers in		-		-		572	572
Total Resources (Inflows)	-	24,769,559	•	25,430,321		24,388,848	(1,041,473)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	-	32,784,819	•	33,445,581		32,404,108	(1,041,473)
THE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO		32,701,019		33,113,301		32,101,100	(1,011,173)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures General Government							
Board of commissioners		167,944		167,944		155,397	12,547
General administration		1,007,477		765,018		638,504	126,514
County clerk		143,738		143,738		131,324	12,414
Elections		206,801		206,801		186,674	20,127
Finance		370,207		370,207		362,051	8,156
Law		180,000		180,000		163,746	16,254
Human resources		90,346		90,346		86,242	4,104
Tax commissioner		551,320		551,320		535,335	15,985
Tax assessor		577,773		577,773		553,192	24,581
Buildings		376,101		492,101		491,458	643
Agencies		30,300		30,300		25,322	4,978
Board of equalization		7,675		7,675		5,914	1,761
Total General Government		3,709,682		3,583,223		3,335,159	248,064
Judicial							
Judicial Administration		343,718		213,718		175,712	38,006
Superior court		222,251		222,251		174,034	48,217
Clerk of Superior court		558,280		562,880		550,286	12,594
District attorney		500,411		522,911		522,899	12
Magistrate court		444,658		444,658		419,936	24,722
Probate court		447,193		456,193		398,891	57,302
Juvenile court		400,023		400,023		313,370	86,653
Public defender		664,999		664,999		615,350	49,649
Total Judicial		3,581,533		3,487,633		3,170,478	317,155
Public Safety		2 611 621		2 626 770		2 626 406	264
Sheriff Jail operation		3,611,631 2,512,415		3,636,770 2,743,915		3,636,406 2,743,419	364 496
Court services		102,663		102,663		95,142	7,521
Fire		4,620,623		4,627,684		4,004,546	623,138
Coroner/Medical Examiner		53,275		53,275		47,299	5,976
E-911/Communications center		651,830		651,830		573,767	78,063
School resource officers		267,020		287,520		287,265	255
Emergency Management Agency		167,646		167,646		165,217	2,429
Animal control		245,306		245,306		217,672	27,634
Total Public Safety		12,232,409		12,516,609		11,770,733	745,876
Tom Thomas carety	-			12,010,007		11,,,,,,,,,,,	7 10,070

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (Required Supplementary Information)

(Acq)	un cu Suppicincitai y	inioi mation)		ARIANCE WITH			
				ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
	BUDGET AMOU	INTS		POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)			
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL				
CONTINUED				,			
Public Works							
Roadways and walkways	2,176,143	2,559,564	2,380,233	179,331			
Solid waste and recycling	543,091	543,091	471,667	71,424			
Maintenance and shop	121,220	126,220	76,881	49,339			
Total Public Works	2,840,454	3,228,875	2,928,781	300,094			
Public Health and Welfare							
Health department	2,750	2,750	1,715	1,035			
Public health and welfare	119,366	119,366	108,951	10,415			
Senior citizens center	23,625	23,625	23,343	282			
Community Center	427,738	463,738	426,508	37,230			
Transportation services	221,718	273,718	273,569	149			
Total Public Health and Welfare	795,197	883,197	834,086	49,111			
Recreation and Culture							
Parks and recreation	630,146	630,146	623,778	6,368			
Library	300,965	300,965	300,516	449			
Total Recreation and Culture	931,111	931,111	924,294	6,817			
Housing and development							
Extention office	62,175	62,275	62,245	30			
Planning and zoning	403,079	392,682	352,801	39,881			
County marshall	98,343	98,343	81,082	17,261			
Economic development	56,273	56,273	56,268	5			
Total Housing and Development	619,870	609,573	552,396	57,177			
Transfers out	55,000	185,000	184,391	609			
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	24,765,256	25,425,221	23,700,318	1,724,903			
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	4,303	5,100	688,530	683,430			
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	4,303	5,100	688,330	083,430			
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 8,019,563	\$ 8,020,360	\$ 8,703,790	\$ 683,430			

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2017

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS													
ASSETS	L	LAW IBRARY		HERIFF'S LAW ORCEMENT	TE	ERGENCY LEPHONE SYSTEM		DRUG TASK FORCE		HOTEL/ MOTEL TAX		ESTRICTED ROGRAMS	G	TOTAL NONMAJOR OVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Cash	\$	21,128	\$	76,169	\$	-	\$	55,976	\$	52,632	\$	242,452	\$	448,357
Investments		22,521		-		-		-		-		-		22,521
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Interfund receivables		-		-		74,508		21,099		4,382		220,030		320,019
TOTAL ASSETS	•	43,649	•	76,169	•	74,508	•	20,042 97,117	•	57,014	•	242,452 704,934	•	262,494 1,053,391
TOTAL ASSETS	Φ	43,049	Φ	70,109	Φ	74,300	Φ	97,117	Φ	37,014	Φ	704,334	Φ	1,033,391
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	9,573	\$	-	\$	269	\$	22,520	\$	179,579	\$	211,941
Other accrued items		-		-		-		32,578		-		39,102		71,680
Interfund payables		224		-		6,682		-		-		343,490		350,396
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	224		9,573		6,682	_	32,847		22,520		562,171		634,017
FUND BALANCES Restricted:														
Judicial programs		43,425		_		_		_		_		142,763		186,188
Public safety programs		-		66,596		67,826		64,270		-		-		198,692
Housing and development programs		-								34,494		-		34,494
TOTAL FUND BALANCES TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		43,425		66,596		67,826		64,270		34,494		142,763		419,374
	\$	43,649	\$	76,169	\$	74,508	\$	97,117	\$	57,014	\$	704,934	\$	1,053,391

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Si	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	_				
	LAW LIBRARY	SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM	DRUG TASK FORCE	HOTEL/ MOTEL TAX	RESTRICTED PROGRAMS	CDBG	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES	¢.	¢.	Ф	¢.	e (2.020	¢.	e.	¢ (2.020
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 62,938	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 62,938
Intergovernmental	15.206	- 21 147	-	221,018	-	1,861,064	308,103	2,390,185
Fines and forfeitures	15,386	21,147	- 572.012	10,055	-	541,645	-	588,233
Charges for services Contributions and donations	-	79,741	572,913	-	-	281,823	-	934,477
Investment income	210	7,857 173	-	- 60	152	7,360 772	-	15,217 1,376
Miscellaneous	210	1/3	- 42	12,804	132	2,750		15,596
TOTAL REVENUES	15,596	108,918	<u>42</u> 572,955	243,946	63,090		308,103	4,008,022
EXPENDITURES	15,396	108,918	372,933	243,946	63,090	2,695,414	308,103	4,008,022
Current Expenditures								
Judicial	10,702					1,951,609		1,962,311
Public safety	10,702	65,273	1,067,908	135,331	-	1,931,009	-	1,268,512
Public health and welfare	-	05,275	1,007,908	133,331	-	252,247	308,103	560,350
Housing and development	-	-	-	_	8,915	232,247	500,105	8,915
Intergovernmental	6,080			138,821	50,180	372,255	_	567,336
Capital outlay	-	46,646	_	130,021	-	-	_	46,646
Principal	_		73,200	_	_	_	_	73,200
Interest	_	_	4,913	_	_	_	_	4,913
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16.782	111.919	1.146.021	274,152	59,095	2,576,111	308,103	4,492,183
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	10,762	111,717	1,140,021	2/4,132	37,073	2,370,111	300,103	7,772,103
OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,186)	(3,001)	(573,066)	(30,206)	3,995	119,303	_	(484,161)
OVER(ONDER) EM ENDITORES	(1,100)	(5,001)	(373,000)	(30,200)		117,505		(101,101)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	_	_	573,066	30,982	_	10,000	_	614,048
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	(572)	_	(572)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		-	573,066	30,982	-	9,428		613,476
(USES)								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,186)	(3,001)		776	3,995	128,731		129,315
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year	44,611	69,597	67,826	63,494	30,499	411,177	-	687,204
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT						(397,145)		(397,145)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year, restated	44,611	69,597	67,826	63,494	30,499	14,032		290,059
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$ 43,425	\$ 66,596	\$ 67,826	\$ 64,270	\$ 34,494	\$ 142,763	\$ -	\$ 419,374

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LAW LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE				
	Ol	RIGINAL	FINAL	A	CTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	\$	44,611 \$	44,611	\$	44,611	\$ -	
Fines and forfeitures		16,500	16,500		15,386	(1,114)	
Investment income		(500)	500		210	(290)	
Total Resources (Inflows)		16,000	17,000		15,596	(1,404)	
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		60,611	61,611		60,207	(1,404)	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures							
Judicial		17,000	17,000		16,782	218	
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		17,000	17,000		16,782	218	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,000)			(1,186)	(1,186)	
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	43,611 \$	44,611	\$	43,425	\$ (1,186)	

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		BUDGET A	AMOU		A CONTACT A M	FINA	ANCE WITH AL BUDGET OSITIVE
	OI	RIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL	(Ni	EGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	\$	69,597	\$	69,597	\$ 69,597	\$	
Fines and forfeitures		22,000		22,000	21,147		(853)
Charges for services		82,000		82,000	79,741		(2,259)
Contributions and donations		8,000		8,000	7,857		(143)
Investment income				-	173		173
Total Resources (Inflows)		112,000		112,000	108,918		(3,082)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		181,597		181,597	 178,515		(3,082)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures							
Public safety		112,000		112,000	 111,919		81
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		112,000		112,000	111,919		81
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE					 (3,001)		(3,001)
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	69,597	\$	69,597	\$ 66,596	\$	(3,001)

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		BUDGET.	AMOI	INTS			FIN	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET POSITIVE
	(ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL		EGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	\$	67,826	\$	67,826	\$	67,826	\$	
Charges for services		595,300		595,300		572,913		(22,387)
Miscellaneous		-		-		42		42
Transfer in		-		551,000		573,066		22,066
Total Resources (Inflows)		595,300		1,146,300		1,146,021		(279)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		663,126		1,214,126		1,213,847		(279)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures								
Public safety		595,300		1,146,300		1,146,021		279
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		595,300		1,146,300	_	1,146,021		279
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE								
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	67,826	\$	67,826	\$	67,826	\$	-

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DRUG TASK FORCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		BUDGET A	AMOU	NTS			FINA	ANCE WITH AL BUDGET OSITIVE
	o	RIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL	(N	EGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	\$	63,494	\$	63,494	\$	63,494	\$	
Intergovernmental		222,000		222,000		221,018		(982)
Fines and forfeitures		10,000		10,000		10,055		55
Investment income		-		-		69		69
Miscellaneous		13,000		13,000		12,804		(196)
Transfer in		30,000		30,000		30,982		982
Total Resources (Inflows)		275,000		275,000		274,928		(72)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		338,494		338,494		338,422	-	(72)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures								
Public safety		275,000		275,000	_	274,152		848
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		275,000		275,000	_	274,152		848
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE					_	776		776
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	63,494	\$	63,494	\$	64,270	\$	776

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		BUDGET AMO	OUNTS			ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORI	GINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL		(NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	\$	30,499 \$	30,499	\$ 30.	499 \$	<u>-</u>
Taxes		60,000	60,000	62,	938	2,938
Investment income		- (0.000	- (0.000		152	152
Total Resources (Inflows)		60,000	60,000		090	3,090
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		90,499	90,499	93.	589	3,090
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures						
Housing and development		60,000	60,000	59.	095	905
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		60,000	60,000	59,	095	905
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	3,	995	3,995
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	30,499 \$	30,499	\$ 34.	494 \$	3,995

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RESTRICTED PROGRAMS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	BUDGET ORIGINAL	AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$ 411,177	\$ 411,177	\$ 411,177	\$ -
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)				
Intergovernmental	490,102	1,333,202	1,861,064	527,862
Fines and forfeitures	276,836	553,836	541,645	(12,191)
Charges for services	329,083	329,083	281,823	(47,260)
Contributions and donations	-	-	7,360	7,360
Investment income	-	-	772	772
Miscellaneous	-	-	2,750	2,750
Transfer in			10,000	10,000
Total Resources (Inflows)	1,096,021	2,216,121	2,705,414	489,293
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	1,507,198	2,627,298	3,116,591	489,293
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures				
Judicial	1,096,021	1,963,021	1,951,609	11,412
Public health and welfare	-	252,500	252,247	253
Intergovernmental	12,000	373,000	372,255	745
Transfers out		600	572	28
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	1,108,021	2,589,121	2,576,683	12,438
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(12,000)	(373,000)	128,731	501,731
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT		-	(397,145)	(397,145)
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 399,177	\$ 38,177	\$ 142,763	\$ 104,586

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	BUDGET ORIGINAL	AMOU	INTS FINAL		ACTUAL	FIN	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET POSITIVE IEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS) Intergovernmental	309,000		309,000		308,103		(897)
Total Resources (Inflows)	 309,000		309,000	_	308,103		(897)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	309,000	_	309,000	_	308,103		(897)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures							
Public health and welfare	 309,000		309,000		308,103		897
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	309,000		309,000	_	308,103		897
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 						
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS December 31, 2017

ASSETS		TAX COMMISSIONER	CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT	PROBATE COURT	MAGISTRATE COURT	SHERIFF	TOTAL
Cash	\$	1,021,297	\$ 1,063,826	\$ 34,312	\$ 249,233	\$ 65,720	\$ 2,434,388
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,021,297	\$ 1,063,826	\$ 34,312	\$ 249,233	\$ 65,720	\$ 2,434,388
LIABILITIES Amounts held in trust	<u>\$</u>	1,021,297	\$ 1,063,826	\$ 34,312	\$ 249,233	\$ 65,720	\$ 2,434,388
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,021,297	\$ 1,063,826	\$ 34,312	\$ 249,233	\$ 65,720	\$ 2,434,388

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

ASSETS	•	TAX COMMISSIONER	CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT		PROBATE COURT	MAGISTRATE COURT	SHERIFF		TOTAL
Cash Balance, January 1, 2017 Additions Deductions Balance, December 31, 2017 TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 	878,160 40,749,383 (40,606,246) 1,021,297 1,021,297	\$ 1,151,069 1,530,061 (1,617,304) 1,063,826 1,063,826	\$	46,077 398,234 (409,999) 34,312 34,312	\$ 253,519 291,218 (295,504) 249,233 249,233	\$ 50,584 395,736 (380,600) 65,720 65,720	\$	2,379,409 43,364,632 (43,309,653) 2,434,388 2,434,388
LIABILITIES Due to County Balance, January 1, 2017 Additions Deductions Balance, December 31, 2017	\$	- 12,133,148 (12,133,148)	\$ - 794,543 (794,543)	\$	- 266,266 (266,266) -	\$ - 58,351 (58,351)	\$ - 614,399 (614,399) -	\$	- 13,866,707 (13,866,707)
Amounts held in trust Balance, January 1, 2017 Additions Deductions Balance, December 31, 2017	_	878,160 28,616,235 (28,473,098) 1,021,297	1,151,069 735,518 (822,761) 1,063,826	_	46,077 131,968 (143,733) 34,312	253,519 232,867 (237,153) 249,233	50,584 (218,663) 233,799 65,720	_	2,379,409 29,497,925 (29,442,946) 2,434,388
Total Liabilities Balance, January 1, 2017 Additions Deductions Balance, December 31, 2017 TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u> </u>	878,160 40,749,383 (40,606,246) 1,021,297 1,021,297	\$ 1,151,069 1,530,061 (1,617,304) 1,063,826 1,063,826	\$	46,077 398,234 (409,999) 34,312 34,312	\$ 253,519 291,218 (295,504) 249,233 249,233	\$ 50,584 395,736 (380,600) 65,720 65,720	\$	2,379,409 43,364,632 (43,309,653) 2,434,388 2,434,388

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX Year Ended December 31, 2017

		ORIGINAL CURRENT				EXPENDITURES				
PROJECT	ESTI	MATED COSTS	ES	TIMATED COSTS	P	RIOR YEARS	CUI	RRENT YEAR		
Special Local Option Sales Tax										
2014 Projects										
Road Improvements	\$	14,418,000	\$	14,418,000	\$	3,862,187	\$	1,991,594		
Capital Improvements										
Public Safety		5,987,000		5,987,000		1,115,037		587,810		
Library		2,000,000		2,000,000		100,000		-		
Water and Sewer		800,000		800,000		-		-		
Contractual Payments										
City of Jasper		6,000,000		6,000,000		1,564,353		898,056		
City of Nelson		729,000		729,000		190,069		109,114		
City of Talking Rock		66,000		66,000		17,208		9,878		
Total 2014 Projects	\$	30,000,000	\$	30,000,000	\$	6,848,854	\$	3,596,452		

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA

Reconciliation of Expenditures for SPLOST Year Ended December 31, 2017

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (page 5)	Expenditures	\$ 3,596,452
Expenditures reported on Splost schedule		\$ 3,596,452
Schedule of Projects Constructed With Special Purpose Local Option Sales Ta	x (page 67) 2014 SPLOST	\$ 3,596,452
Total		\$ 3,596,452

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF STATE CONTRACTUAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

			Curre			
State Program Name	Contract Number	R	eceived	E	xpended	 nt Due from o) State
Family Connections	93-181800114	\$	48,500	\$	48,500	\$ 23,817

The above schedule has been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA. SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For Year Ended December 31, 2017

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THRU GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	THRU GRANTOR/ CFDA CONTRACT	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	Expenditures	
U.S DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE				
Procurement Technical Assistance for Business Firms	12.002	Mobile Command Unit	\$ 550	\$ 550
Total U.S. Department of Defense			550	550
U.S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Passed-through the Council of Juvenile Court Judges				
Prosecution Based VOCA Program - CJCC	16.575	C16-8-001	115,469	72,558
Prosecution Based VOCA Program - CJCC	16.575	C16-8-207	115,469	21,253
CASA	16.575	2015-VA-GX-0057 Subgrant #C15-8-295	56,454	56,454
CASA	16.575	2016-VA-GX-0023 Subgrant #C16-8-110	132,173	7,549
		S	419,565	157,814
BJA Adult Drug Court Discretionary Grant	16.585	Q15-8-001	48,493	45,516
2015 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance	16.751	2016-DJ-BX-0104	159,055	159,055
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	2017	7,282	7,282
Total U.S. Department of Justice			634,395	369,667
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Passed through Georgia Department of Transportation				
Transit Operating Assistance Grant	20.509	GA-18-x031 (Capital Grant - Vehicles)	76,845	76,845
Transit Operating Assistance Grant	20.509	Project T005919	53,919	53,919
Transit Operating Assistance Grant	20.509	Project T006190	54,135	54,135
Tanish opening resistance state	20.009	110,000 1000170	184,899	184,899
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	Division of Intermodal - Aviation Project	150,000	150,000
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			334,899	334,899
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Passed through Georgia Department of Human Services				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	DHS Contract # 42700-040C-PSSF-17-081	74,657	55,920
Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	DHS Contract # 42700-040C-PSSF-17-082	33,273	23,217
Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	DHS Contract # 42700-040C-PPF-18-116	74,996	21,713
Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	DHS Contract # 42700-040C-PPF-18-117	42,141	7,852
Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	SoN # 9072	46,926	33,665
Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	SoN # 10309	49,257	9,223
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			321,250	151,590
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY				
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039	HMGP 4215-0010	185,738	185,738
			185,738	185,738
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency			185,738	185,738
		GRAND TOTALS	£ 1.476.922	\$ 1,042,444
		GRAND IUIALS	\$ 1,476,832	\$ 1,042,444

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

1. This schedule is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

2. The County did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as covered in 2 CFR §200.414 Indirect (F&A) costs.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH $GOVERNMENT\ AUDITING\ STANDARDS$

June 25, 2018

Board of Commissioners Pickens County, Georgia Jasper, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, which collectively comprise the PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2018. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Pickens County Health Department, as described in our report on PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's basic financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as findings 2017-01, 2017-02, 2017-03, 2017-04, and 2017-05 that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's responses, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bates, Carter; Co., LLP



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

June 25, 2018

Board of Commissioners PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA Jasper, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017. PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's basic financial statements include the operations of legally separate component units, Pickens County Health Department. Any amounts of federal awards received by those component units are not included in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of Pickens County Health Department because the component unit engaged other auditors to perform any audit required in accordance with OMB *Compliance Supplement*.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform

Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bates, Carter; Co., LLP

PICKENS COUNTY, GEORGIA AUDITORS' SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended December 31, 2017

I SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS:

- 1. Report issued on Financial Statements Unmodified opinion.
- 2. Compliance (financial statements) Unmodified opinion.
- 3. Internal Control (financial statements) Five significant deficiencies.
- 4. Compliance (major programs) Unmodified opinion, no instances of noncompliance.
- 5. Internal control (major programs) No material weaknesses.
- 6. Audit findings required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)
 - i) Significant deficiencies in internal controls over major programs None reported
 - ii) Material noncompliance related to major programs None reported
 - iii) Known questioned costs greater than \$25,000 for major programs None reported
 - iv) Known questioned costs greater than \$25,000 for a program not audited as major None reported
 - v) Circumstances if report on compliance is other than unqualified N/A
 - vi) Known fraud N/A
 - vii) Misrepresentation in schedule of prior audit findings None reported
- 7. Major programs for the year Hazard Mitigation Grant, CFDA 97.039; Airport Improvement Program, CFDA 20.106
- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs \$750,000.
- 9. Does the auditee qualify as a low risk auditee Yes.

II AUDIT FINDINGS - GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

Finding Number

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

MAGISTRATE COURT

2017-01 Statement of Condition:

This is a reissue from the prior year. During testing, we noted funds held were not properly reconciled or accounted for at the end of the year.

Criteria:

Reporting should be in place to ensure funds held are accurate.

Effect of Condition:

The risk of not knowing for whom the funds belong.

Cause of Condition:

Unknown.

Recommendation:

We recommend that a report is implemented to record all funds held activity for the year and that it is reconciled at the year end to show the accurate liability for the year end.

Response:

After review of the 2016 audit finding, the Chief Judge implemented a change in the Standing Order for Financial Administration. The proof of deposit was removed from the front window clerks and taken in as a back-office process. This change has enabled the deposit to be proofed to the correct account and has reduced errors made in the deposit process. At the same time, a comprehensive lookback is underway to identify deposits made to incorrect accounts. This process is a long and tedious process that involves proofing the deposit process back to 2015. Simultaneous to these physical proof changes, we worked with our case management vendor to build reporting capability to that better reflects the detail necessary to ensure compliance.

With these steps having been taken in mediation, we feel that the funds can and are being more accurately reconciled.

TAX COMMISSIONER

2017-02 Statement of Condition:

During testing, we noted that the bank reconciliation for the General Fund Account was not reconciled for the fiscal year 2017.

Criteria:

An accurate bank reconciliation should be performed on a monthly basis.

Effect of Condition:

The risk of misappropriation and fraud increases when cash is not timely and accruately reconciled on a monthly basis.

Cause of Condition:

Unknown.

Recommendation:

We recommend the Tax Commissioner's QuickBooks file be updated to reflect current and appropriate bank reconcilations for fiscal year 2017 and going forward. Also, that an additional monthly procedure of reviewing the bank reconcilation is implemented.

Response:

The duties for deposits and reconciliation are now being handled by our Accounting Technician with an updated version of Quick Books. This will reduce the potential for errors doing balancing sheets daily and through a system that our network supports and provides a formula to work from. With the change of delegation and using more up to date software that is more compatible with our existing set up and vendors we feel this will now meet the standard needed.

2017-03 Statement of Condition:

During testing, we noted that checks were not issued sequentially.

Criteria:

To ensure reliable accounting records checks should be issued in a sequential order.

Effect of Condition:

The risk of misappropriation and fraud increases when chekes are out of order

Cause of Condition:

Unknown.

Recommendation:

We recommend the Tax Commissioner's office implement the control process of issuing checks in order and review the check register monthly.

Response:

Due to cross training and learning how to disburse and print checks through the ledger we had misprints and would void the check and pull from the next in line. There were times we flagged as the next check in line when truly it should have been processed as an E-Check. The check would then be marked VOID written across the front of the check and kept in a binder. Since then we have stated the importance of keeping in line to the best of our ability and keep a daily ledger instead of filing in a binder showing all checks in sequential order. This too will now be done through our new software.

2017-04 Statement of Condition:

During testing, we noted that several checks did not have two signatures.

Criteria:

All check signing policies should be followed.

Effect of Condition:

The risk of misappropriation and fraud increases when policies are not followed.

Cause of Condition:

Unknown.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Tax Commissioner's office follows the policy regarding two signors for each check issued and that Tax Commissioner reviews all checks being issued to make sure the policy is met.

Response:

The Tax Office already has the policy of two signatures on every check regardless the amount of the check. Due to human error we had several that were put transit minus a signature. We have since then re-reminded the office the importance of both signatures. Our Chief Deputy Tax Commissioner or Deputy Tax Commissioner are now the third set of eyes to proof both signatures are on each check before being put in transit.

SOLID WASTE

2017-05 Statement of Condition:

The Solid Waste department has not implemented internal controls to ensure that waste received was charged appropriately, receipted accurately, and cash remitted timely to the Finance Department for deposit.

Criteria:

To ensure proper controls over cash, receipts should be issued.

Effect of Condition:

The risk of misappropriation and fraud increases with no internal controls.

Cause of Condition:

Unknown.

Recommendation:

The implementation of a ticketing system or other form of record-keeping such as an Excel spreadsheet or a daily log book (with pre-numbered receipt numbers) of transactions would enable the Department to record the receipts taken daily at the facilities.

Response:

The Public Works Director and Finance Department are working together to establish and implement internal controls to ensure that processes are followed for accurate receipting, reporting and remitting to Finance for deposit.

III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There were no findings or questioned costs relating to Federal awards reported for the year ended December 31, 2017.